

Advanced Materials Araldite[®] F 330 with Hardener Lacquer 2

Araldite[®] Structural Adhesives

Araldite[®] F 330 with Hardener Lacquer 2

"No-mix" methacrylate adhesive system

Key properties	Hardener can be applied to substrate and stored for up to 30 days				
	 Rapid cure after joining, 20 minute handling strength High shear strength and peel strength 				
	 Bonds well to a wide range of metals and plastic materials Very good temperature resistance 				
	Description	Araldite [®] F330 with hardener lacquer is a "No-mix" room temperature curing, methacrylate adhesive suitable for			
	bonding metals and plastics. Its high setting rate at room temperature allows handling of the bonded parts within a				
	very short time. The adhesive has an assembly time of 10 minutes. As early as 20 minutes after joining (curing at				
	room temperature), the parts can be handled. The final strength is attained within 2 hours.				
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Bonds produced with Araldite[®] F330 show good tensile shear and peel strengths as well as good temperature resistance.

Product data

Properties	Araldite [®] F330	Hardener Lacquer 2		
Colour - visual (A112)*	Beige	Pale yellow - reddish brown		
Specific gravity	ca 1.0	-		
Viscosity (Pas) at 23°C (A191)*	15 – 20	Low		
Lap shear strength at 23°C (A501)*				
Gelation time (mins) at 23°C	ca. 10 minutes after parts are in contact			

* Specified data are on a regular basis analysed. Data which is described in this document as 'typical' is not analysed on a regular basis and is given for information purposes only. Data values are not guaranteed or warranted unless if specifically mentioned.

Processing

Pretreatment

The strength and durability of a bonded joint are dependant on proper pretreatment of the surfaces to be bonded, however the methacrylate adhesives can be used effectively with little surface preparation.

Ideally joint surfaces should be cleaned with a good degreasing agent such as acetone, iso-propanol or proprietary degreasing agent in order to remove all traces of oil, grease and dirt. Low grade alcohol, gasoline (petrol) or paint thinners should never be used.

The strongest and most durable joints are obtained by either mechanically abrading or chemically etching ("pickling") the degreased surfaces.

Application of adhesive

Depending on the type of application, the hardener lacquer can be applied by spraying, brushing, roll-coating or dipping one or both surfaces to be bonded.

The lacquer dries sufficiently in about 4 minutes to allow bonding, transporting or storage. Surfaces coated with hardener lacquer can be stored for several weeks without losing the hardener's reactivity.

Once the hardener lacquer has dried, the adhesive is applied to one of the two surfaces. Then the parts are joined

immediately and fixed under contact pressure. Polymerisation starts as soon as the adhesive touches the hardener lacquer. The bond can be carefully handled after the time indicated overleaf to reach to lap shear strength of 1N/mm².

A layer of adhesive 0.15 to 0.25 mm thick will normally impart the greatest lap shear strength to a joint, although joints of up to 0.8mm gap can be assembled. For joint gap widths up to 0.4 mm, application of hardener lacquer to just one surface is sufficient. To bridge wider joint gaps, hardener lacquer must be applied to both parts. Gaps wider than 0.8 mm should be avoided since the adhesive may not fully cure.

The joint components should be assembled and clamped as soon as the adhesive has been applied. An even contact pressure throughout the joint area will ensure optimum cure.

If adhesive is applied to one surface and hardener lacquer to the other, this method of separate processing allows bonding operations practically independent of the pot life.

Mechanical processing

Specialist firms have developed metering, spraying and spreading equipment that enables the bulk processing of adhesive. We will be pleased to advise customers on the choice of equipment for their particular needs.

Equipment maintenance

All tools should be cleaned before adhesives residues have had time to cure. The removal of cured residues is a difficult and time-consuming operation.

If solvents such as acetone are used for cleaning, operatives should take the appropriate precautions and, in addition, avoid skin and eye contact.

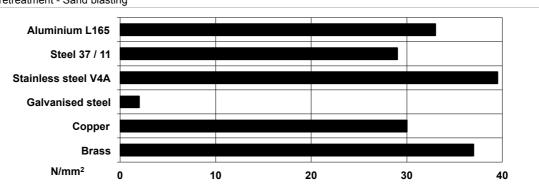
Temperature	°C	0	10	15	23	40
Cure time to reach	hours	1				
LSS > 1N/mm ²	minutes		40	30	20	9
Cure time to reach	hours	1½				
LSS > 10N/mm ²	minutes		60	35	25	12

Typical cured properties

Unless otherwise stated, the figures given below were all determined by testing standard specimens made by lapjointing 114 x 25 x 1.5 mm strips of aluminium alloy. The joint area was 12.5 x 25 mm in each case.

The figures were determined with typical production batches using standard testing methods. They are provided solely as technical information and do not constitute a product specification.

Average lap shear strengths of typical metal-to-metal joints (ISO 4587) (typical average values)



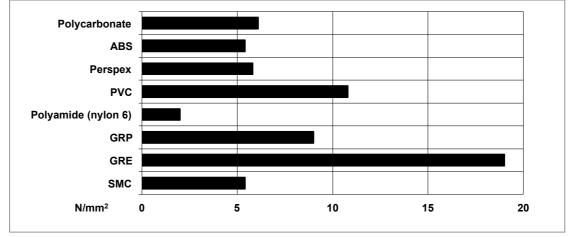
Cured for 7 days at 23°C and tested at 23°C Pretreatment - Sand blasting



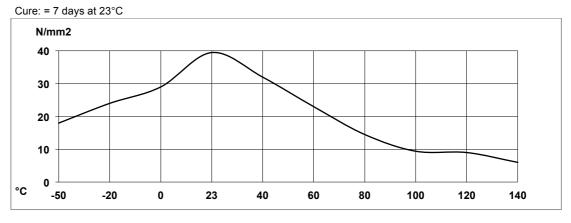
Average lap shear strengths of typical plastic-to-plastic joints (ISO 4587) (typical average values)

Cured for 7 days at 23oC and tested at 23°C

Pretreatment - Lightly abrade and isopropanol degrease. Note - failure modes are mainly substrate failure

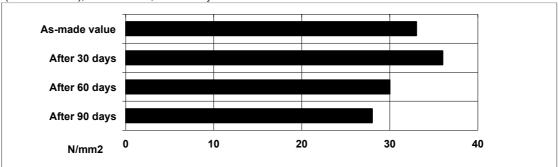


Lap shear strength versus temperature (ISO 4587) (typical average values)

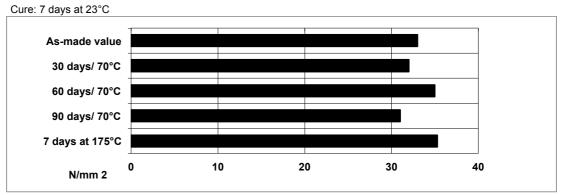


Roller peel test (ISO 4578) at 23°C (typical average values)Glass	7 N/mm
Transition Temperature (Tg)	54°C (Cured 7 days at 23°C)
Tensile strength (ISO 527) (typical values)	14 MPa
Elongation at break:	3.5 %
Coefficient of thermal expansion (-30°C/+30°C)	60 x 10 ⁻⁶ / ⁶ K (Cured 7 days at 23°C)

Lap shear strength versus tropical weathering (ISO 4587) (typical average values)



(40°C/ 92% RH), on aluminium, Cure: 7 days at 23°C



Lap strength versus heat ageing (typical average values)

Shear modulus (DIN 53345)

cured 7 days at 23°C

Temperature	G' modulus	^ (Tan delta)	
30°C	1 GPa	8.8 x 10 ⁻²	
50°C	0.8 GPa	9.7 x 10 ⁻²	
70°C	0.35 GPa	2.1 x 10 ⁻¹	
90°C	0.11 GPa	3.5 x 10 ⁻¹	
110°C	38 MPa	4.3 x 10 ⁻¹	
130°C	13 MPa	4.7 x 10 ⁻¹	

Storage

Handling

Precautions

Araldite[®] F330 and Hardener Lacquer 2 must be stored at 2-8°C provided the components are stored in sealed containers. When stored at 23°C the life is a maximum of 6 months. The expiry date, assuming 2- 8°C storage is indicated on the packaging.

Caution

Our products are generally quite harmless to handle provided that certain precautions normally taken when handling chemicals are observed. The uncured materials must not, for instance, be allowed to come into contact with foodstuffs or food utensils, and measures should be taken to prevent the uncured materials from coming in contact with the skin, since people with particularly sensitive skin may be affected. The wearing of impervious rubber or plastic gloves will normally be necessary; likewise the use of eye protection. The skin should be thoroughly cleansed at the end of each working period by washing with soap and warm water. The use of solvents is to be avoided. Disposable paper - not cloth towels - should be used to dry the skin. Adequate ventilation of the working area is recommended. These precautions are described in greater detail in the Material Safety Data sheets for the individual products and should be referred to for fuller information.



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